



Policy code	DTP_CAG_1024	
Date	October, 2024	
Purpose	To ensure a consistent procedural approach to olanzapine (pilot) administration.	
Scope	Applies to Queensland Ambulance Service (QAS) clinical staff.	
Health care setting	Pre-hospital assessment and treatment.	
Population	Applies to all ages unless stated otherwise.	
Source of funding	Internal – 100%	
Author	Clinical Quality & Patient Safety Unit, QAS	
Review date	October, 2026	
Information security	UNCLASSIFIED – Queensland Government Information Security Classification Framework.	
URL	https://ambulance.qld.gov.au/clinical.html	

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# Olanzapine (pilot)

October, 2024

# **Drug class**

Atypical antipsychotic

# Pharmacology<sup>[1]</sup>

Olanzapine is a second-generation antipsychotic that blocks dopamine D2 receptors. It produces a sedative effect and improves psychotic symptoms.

## Metabolism[1]

Metabolised by the liver and then extensively excreted in the urine and faeces.

#### **Indications**

- Acute behavioural disturbance meeting all the following criteria:
  - Unresponsive to de-escalation strategies;
  - SAT Score +1;
  - Compliant with oral medication administration;
  - Consent to the administration of an oral sedative (olanzapine) has been provided (see Special Notes);
     and
  - Patients located within Metro South and Gold Coast
     Regions being transported to a public hospital in these catchments.

#### Contraindications

- Absolute contraindications:
  - Allergy AND/OR Adverse Drug Reaction
  - Lewy Body Dementia (LBD)
  - Suspected or confirmed Parkinson's disease
  - Previous dystonic reaction to olanzapine
  - Patients less than 16 years of age
- **Relative** contraindication (*QAS Clinical Consultation* and Advice Line consultation and approval required in all of the following situations):
  - Suspected sepsis

## Precaution

- Hypoperfused state
- Current use of other CNS depressants
- Dementia (risk of anticholinergic delirium)



#### Side effects

- Hypotension
- Tachycardia
- Dry mouth
- Extrapyramidal effects e.g. dystonic reactions (rare)

#### Presentation

Oral Disintegrating Tablet (ODT), 5 mg olanzapine

Onset	Duration	Half-life
20 minutes	12–24 hours	30 hours

## **Schedule**

• S4 (Restricted drugs).

## Routes of administration

Oral (PO)



## **Special notes**

- Ambulance officers must only administer medications for the listed indications and dosing range. Any consideration for treatment outside the listed scope of practice requires mandatory approval via the QAS Clinical Consultation and Advice Line.
- This DTP is solely for use by authorised QAS clinicians participating in the Metro South and Gold Coast Region acute behavioural disturbance sedation pilot.
- All patients administered olanzapine by QAS ambulance clinicians must be transported to an appropriate health facility for assessment.
- Olanzapine and ondansetron ODT are similar in name and presentation. Extra care must be taken to ensure the right medication is selected prior to administration.
- Ambulance officers must only administer medications for the listed indications and dosing range. Any consideration for treatment outside the listed scope of practice requires mandatory approval via the QAS Clinical Consultation and Advice Line.
- The majority of patients presenting with a SAT +1 can be appropriately managed without pharmacological intervention.
- Consent can be provided by the patient, or if the patient lacks decision-making capacity, consent may be provided by the patient's substitute decision-maker if practical (guardian, attorney, statutory health attorney).
- Olanzapine is not suitable for patients with severe agitation requiring emergency sedation.
- If ambulance clinicians observe the patient displaying obvious signs of cogwheeling rigidity and resting tremor without reporting a history of Parkinson's disease or LBD, olanzapine must NOT be administered.

## Special notes (cont.)

 In LBD, antipsychotics (e.g. olanzapine) can cause a deterioration in cognitive function, worsened parkinsonism/rigidity and excessive or over sedation.

# **Adult dosages**

#### Acute behavioural disturbance meeting the following criteria:

- Unresponsive to de-escalation strategies;
- SAT Score +1;
- Compliant with oral medication administration;
- Consent to the administration of an oral sedative (olanzapine)
  has been provided (see Special Notes); and
- Patients located within Metro South and Gold Coast Regions being transported to a public hospital in these catchments.





QAS Clinical Consultation and Advice Line approval required for patients ≥ 65 years.

≥ 65 years, cachectic or frail – 5 mg

Total maximum dose 10 mg in 24 hours.

When clinically indicated, a second dose may be administered at 20 minutes on the advice of the *QAS Clinical Consultation and Advice Line*.

16 to < 65 years - **10 mg** 

Total maximum dose 20 mg in 24 hours.

When clinically indicated, a second dose may be administered at 20 minutes on the advice of the *OAS Clinical Consultation and Advice Line*.

# **Paediatric dosages**

**Note:** QAS officers are **NOT** authorised to administer olanzapine to paediatric patients.

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